and [The array of claim 1,] wherein the array is prepared by a method which comprises steps of:

providing a support having reactive functionalities;

subjecting said support to a <u>first</u> set of reagents or [reactions] <u>reaction</u> conditions, wherein each of said <u>first</u> reagents or reaction conditions cycles with a <u>first</u> specific <u>spatial</u> period along the support, and wherein each individual <u>first</u> reagent or reaction condition in the set is identified as a function of a unique distance or time[;], so that a first set of compounds is produced simultaneously on the array, each compound within first set being related to all other compounds in the first set as a product of the first set of reagents or reaction conditions, and being separated from other first set compounds by the first specific spatial period; and

subjecting said support to one or more additional set of reagents or reaction conditions, wherein each of said <u>additional</u> reagents or reaction conditions cycles with a <u>second</u> specific <u>spatial</u> period along the support, and wherein each individual reagent or reaction [condition] <u>conditions</u> in said one or more <u>additional</u> sets is identified as a <u>second</u> function of unique distance or time, <u>so that at least one additional set of compounds is produced</u> <u>simultaneously on the array, each compound within the additional set being related to all other compounds in the additional set as a product of the additional set of reagents or reaction <u>conditions</u>, and being separated from other additional set compounds by the second specific spatial period, until a desired array of compounds is obtained.</u>

3. (Amended) An array of at least two different chemical compounds attached to a support, wherein the array has linear organization;

wherein the array is [The array of claim 1,] prepared by a method which comprises the steps of:

- a) providing a support having reactive functional groups,
- b) winding the support around a geometric template,
- c) dividing the surface of the template lengthwise into regions,
- d) subjecting each region to one or more reagents or reaction conditions so as to attach reactive moieties or to modify the functional groups, and thereby to simultaneously create a set of compounds on the support in which each compound in a set is related to all other compounds